



Llywodraeth Cymru
Welsh Government

Cathays Park
Cardiff CF10 3NQ
12 December 2016

CONTAMINATED BLOOD: WALES REFORM

NEW £10,000 PAYMENT FOR BEREAVED PARTNERS/SPOUSES

REFORM: THE WAY FOWARD

A number of potential options for future arrangements were considered by the Cabinet Secretary for Health, Wellbeing and Sport who decided:

- to make no decision about reform until a Wales only consultation was undertaken; and
- to adopt the England reform for the remainder of 2016-17 as an interim measure until a decision on the new scheme from 1 April 2017 was made.

The consultation runs to 20 January 2017 and all current scheme recipients have been invited personally to provide views in writing and/or through attendance at workshops (one in north Wales and one in south Wales).

As part of the interim measure for the remainder of this financial year, the Welsh Government will fund a new one-off payment of £10,000 to the bereaved partner or spouse of an individual who was:

- infected with hepatitis C and/or HIV as a result of received NHS supplied contaminated blood products; and
- a registrant/primary beneficiary with one of the five existing infected blood payment schemes* is eligible to apply.

* The five existing infected blood schemes are administered by the Macfarlane Trust, the Eileen Trust, the Caxton Foundation, MFET and the Skipton Fund.

WHO THIS IS PAYMENT FOR?

This new one-off payment is for the bereaved partner or spouse of an individual infected with hepatitis C and/or HIV as a result of receiving NHS-supplied blood products and who was a registrant/primary beneficiary with one of the existing schemes.

WHAT DO I NEED TO DO TO APPLY?

If you are registered with one of the charities (Macfarlane Trust, Eileen Trust or Caxton Foundation), **you do not need to take any action** other than read this policy for information. This is because you will be automatically contacted by the charity about this payment and an application form will be sent to you. Please wait until you hear from them they will explain everything to you.

If you are not registered with the Macfarlane Trust, Eileen Trust or Caxton Foundation, and think you may be eligible after reading this policy, please take action as follows:

- **If you were bereaved before 31 September 2016**, please contact the Skipton Fund or MFET **as soon as possible**. The contact telephone number for both organisations is 020 7233 0057. They will send you the application form so that you can register and have your application validated. **You must make a valid claim for this payment before 1 March 2017**. Please note that late applications can be considered in exceptional circumstances only.
- **For those bereaved after 31 September 2016**, you are expected to make an application for payment within 6 months of your partner/spouse passing away. It is likely that the current schemes already know about you, in which case you need to take no action (as above). However, if you are unsure, please contact the Skipton Fund or MFET.

This document gives guidance to those who we intend to benefit from this new ex-gratia payment and describes the level of evidence required to confirm eligibility.

ELIGIBILITY

I am a bereaved partner or spouse. Am I eligible for the £10,000 payment and what do I need to do to access it?

To qualify for the £10,000 payment, you will need to fill in a short application form (which will be sent to you by the relevant organisation) and demonstrate all of the following:

1. That the deceased person (your partner/spouse) received a payment from, or was a registrant/primary beneficiary, with one of the five current infected blood schemes listed above.

You will need to show that your partner/spouse was registered as a primary beneficiary with one of the five current infected blood schemes listed above prior to their death, **or** that a successful claim for a lump sum payment was made by the

infected beneficiary's estate posthumously, which would also validate their status as a registrant/primary beneficiary for the purpose of this policy. We would expect the five schemes to have this information on record, but you may be asked to provide documentation to evidence it.

The scheme is designed to support beneficiaries and their families. This means that applications from the spouse/partner of a deceased individual who was *not* a registrant/primary beneficiary, or who *did not* receive a lump sum payment from any of the current schemes cannot be accepted.

2. That you were the partner/spouse at the time of this registrant/primary beneficiary's death and living in the same household (cohabitation).

For the purpose of this policy, you qualify as 'partner or spouse' of the deceased registrant/primary beneficiary if:

- a) you and the registrant/primary beneficiary were legally married or in a formal legal union (such as civil partnership) at the time of their death, and living together at that time (cohabitating); or
- b) you and the registrant/primary beneficiary were not married or in a formal legal union at the time of their death but living together (cohabitating) as a couple in a relationship akin to a marriage/formal legal union.

When you apply for the payment, you will be asked to fill in a short application form, which includes a declaration of whether you were the spouse or partner as given above.

You will also need to provide evidence of cohabitation at time of your spouse/partner's death. If you are already registered with any of the charities, they may already hold information which evidences this. Where this is not the case, or you are not yet registered with any of the charities, you are required to provide, where possible, documentation to evidence cohabitation at the time, for example: a joint council tax bill; joint utility bill; joint bank statement; separate bank statements or utility bills for both of you, sent to the same address and covering the same period; copy of a lease or mortgage document in your names, etc. These documents should be dated within 3 months of your partner/spouses death.

If you *cannot* provide any documentary evidence, you can fill in a short declaration form which will need to be countersigned by someone who can act as a referee for you. This form will be sent to you alongside the application form.

Only a bereaved spouse/partner who satisfies either a) or b) above will qualify for the £10,000 payment. This reflects our intention to provide support to partners or spouses in recognition of their relationship with the registrant/primary beneficiary at time of death. Former partners/spouses, or wider family members such as bereaved parents or children do not qualify but of course dependent children who are under 18 years of age, or under 21 years of age and in full time education, continue to have access to the discretionary scheme as they do now.

3. that the deceased registrant/primary beneficiary met the criteria to qualify under the Welsh scheme; and

Please note that to qualify for the £10,000 payment, the deceased registrant/primary beneficiary must have met the criteria to qualify for the Wales scheme. This means that regardless of where the registrant/primary beneficiary lived, and regardless of where you now live, the registrant/primary beneficiary *must* have been infected in Wales through NHS-supplied blood products (or the haemophilia centre which first

registered the registrant/primary beneficiary with the scheme must have been in Wales). If the registrant/primary beneficiary was *not* eligible for payments under the Wales scheme, you will not be eligible for the £10,000 payment. In case of doubt, please contact the relevant organisation, which will be able to help you.

4. That infection with HIV and/or Hepatitis C, or treatment for the infection, contributed to the death of the registrant/primary beneficiary.

You will need to demonstrate that infection with HIV and/or Hepatitis C, or treatment for the infection, contributed to the death of your partner/spouse (a 'causal link'). The most obvious place for this is the death certificate and you will need to submit a copy of this when you apply for payment. Causal link is accepted if the death certificate expressly mentions:

- AIDS or an AIDS defining illness (see here for recognised illnesses: http://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_dictionary/attributes/a/age/aids_defining_illnesses/type_de.asp?shownav=1)
- HIV, and/or Hepatitis C infection, and/or non-A non-B Hepatitis (including complications thereof),
- complications from liver transplant,
- primary liver cancer,
- cirrhosis,
- B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, or
- consequences from treatment for HIV and/or Hepatitis C, for example liver transplant.

In cases where causal link is *not* clearly indicated on the death certificate, and we understand that there may be many reasons for that, you will need to provide a letter from a registered medical practitioner or specialist supporting the view that, on the balance of probabilities, infection with HIV and/or Hepatitis C contributed to the death of your partner/spouse. Examples of valid registered medical practitioners are a GP, hepatologist, or medical professional who has provided care to the deceased person (where that is possible).

Alternatively, it would also be acceptable to provide relevant excerpts from the deceased registrant/primary beneficiary's medical records so long as this evidences a causal link to death as set out above.

NEXT STEPS

All payments in 2016-17 will be handled by the current blood scheme payment administrators and they will advise you as to what is needed in terms of the evidence listed above.

And please remember...

If you are already registered with any one of the charities, please read this policy for information but you need to take no action. You will be automatically contacted by the charity about this payment. Please wait until you hear from them, they will explain everything to you.

If you are not already registered with any one of the charities:
If your partner/spouse was a registrant/primary beneficiary who was infected with HIV only, whether he/she was infected with HIV as a result of treatment

for haemophilia, or as a result of treatment with a blood transfusion, tissue transplant or a blood product (either directly or as the intimate of a person so infected), please contact MFET (tel. 020 7233 0057).

If your partner/spouse was a registrant/primary beneficiary who was infected with Hepatitis C, or co-infected with Hepatitis C and HIV (either directly or as the intimate of a person so infected), please contact the Skipton Fund (tel. 020 7233 0057).

And please remember....

- **If you were bereaved before 31 September 2016**, please make contact as soon as possible as you must make a valid claim for payment before 1 March 2017. Please note that late applications can be considered in exceptional circumstances only.
- **For those bereaved after 31 September 2016**, you are expected to make an application for payment within 6 months of your partner/spouses passing away. It is likely that the current schemes already know about you, in which case you need to take no action. However, if you are unsure, please contact the relevant organisation.

Everyone who applies will need to provide a completed application form (which will be sent to you by the relevant organisation), and supporting information such as the death certificate, letter from a medical practitioner or excerpts from medical notes, and evidence of cohabitation (as appropriate).

Your personal information

There may be cases where the organisation may wish to seek clarification or advice from the Welsh Government in respect of this policy. However, this will be in relation to the administration of the payment policy only. The Welsh Government and the five blood payment schemes are bound by, and must comply with, all national standards regarding data security, confidentiality and management. No patient-identifiable data (e.g. names, addresses or other personal details) will be shared with the Welsh Government in relation to these payments, for this reason.

HOW WILL I RECEIVE MY PAYMENT?

The respective organisation will send you the application form, and advise you of the next steps. The relevant scheme will then verify your case and the evidence provided against the above criteria to make an assessment of your eligibility. If you are found eligible, your payment will be made by either:

- the Skipton Fund where the registrant/primary beneficiary was infected with hepatitis C or with hepatitis C/HIV; or
- MFET where the registrant/primary beneficiary was infected with HIV only.

In 2017-18, a new scheme administrator will become responsible for implementing this policy. The process of appointing a new administrator is currently underway and further details will be announced in 2017.



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GWAED HALOGEDIG: DIWYGIADAU CYMRU

TALIAD NEWYDD O £10,000 I'R RHAI SYDD WEDI COLLI PARTNER/PRIOD

DIWYGIO: Y Ffordd Ymlaen

Ystyriodd Ysgrifennydd y Cabinet dros lechyd, Llesiant a Chwaraeon nifer o bosibiliadau ar gyfer trefniadau yn y dyfodol, a phenderfynodd:

- beidio â phenderfynu ar unrhyw ddiwygiadau nes bod ymgynghoriad ar gyfer Cymru yn unig wedi'i gynnal; a
- mabwysiadu diwygiadau Lloegr ar gyfer gweddill blwyddyn ariannol 2016-17 fel mesur dros dro nes penderfynir ar gynllun newydd i'w roi ar waith o 1 Ebrill 2017 ymlaen.

Bydd yr ymgynghoriad ar agor tan 20 Ionawr 2017 ac mae pawb sy'n cael taliadau drwy'r cynllun presennol wedi cael eu gwahodd yn bersonol i anfon sylwadau ysgrifenedig a/neu i gymryd rhan mewn gweithdai (un yn y Gogledd ac un yn y De).

Fel rhan o'r mesur dros dro ar gyfer gweddill y flwyddyn ariannol hon, bydd Llywodraeth Cymru yn ariannu taliad unigol o £10,000 i'r rhai sydd wedi colli partner neu briod a oedd:

- wedi'i heintio â hepatitis C a/neu HIV ar ôl cael cynhyrchion gwaed halogedig a gyflenwyd gan y GIG; ac
- wedi'i gofrestru ag un o'r pum cynllun taliadau gwaed halogedig presennol fel y prif fuddiolwr *

* Caiff y pum cynllun taliadau gwaed halogedig presennol eu gweinyddu gan Ymddiriedolaeth Macfarlane, Ymddiriedolaeth Eileen, Sefydliad Caxton, MFET a Chronfa Skipton.

PWY FYDD YN CAEL Y TALIAD HWN?

Rhoddir taliad unigol newydd i bawb sydd wedi colli partner neu briod a gafodd ei heintio â hepatitis C a/neu HIV ar ôl cael cynhyrchion gwaed a gyflenwyd gan y GIG ac a oedd wedi cofrestru ag un o'r cynlluniau presennol fel y prif fuddiolwr.

SUT RYDW I'N GWNEUD CAIS?

Os ydych wedi cofrestru ag un o'r elusennau (Ymddiriedolaeth Macfarlane, Ymddiriedolaeth Eileen Trust neu Sefydliad Caxton), **nid oes angen i chi wneud dim** heblaw darllen y polisi hwn er gwybodaeth. Bydd yr elusen yn cysylltu â chi'n awtomatig i sôn am y taliad a bydd yn anfon ffurflen gais atoch. Arhoswch nes bydd yr elusen yn cysylltu â chi a byddant yn esbonio popeth.

Os nad ydych wedi cofrestru ag Ymddiriedolaeth Macfarlane, Ymddiriedolaeth Eileen neu Sefydliad Caxton, ac yn credu, ar ôl darllen y polisi hwn, fod gennych hawl i'r taliad, cymerwch y camau isod:

- **Os bu farw'ch partner neu briod cyn 31 Medi 2016**, cysylltwch â Chronfa Skipton neu MFET **cyn gynted â phosibl**. Y rhif ffôn ar gyfer y ddau sefydliad yw 020 7233 0057. Byddant yn anfon y ffurflen gais atoch er mwyn i chi gofrestru ac yna gellir dilysu'ch cais. **Rhaid i chi anfon cais dilys am y taliad hwn erbyn 1 Mawrth 2017**. Sylwch mai dim ond o dan amgylchiadau eithriadol y bydd modd ystyried ceisiadau sy'n cyrraedd ar ôl y dyddiad hwn.
- **Os bu farw'ch partner neu briod ar ôl 31 Medi 2016**, bydd disgwyl i chi wneud cais am y taliad cyn pen chwe mis ar ôl colli'ch partner/priod. Mae'n debyg y bydd y cynlluniau presennol yn gwybod amdano eisoed ac, os felly, ni fydd angen i chi wneud dim (gweler uchod). Fodd bynnag, os nad ydych yn siŵr, cysylltwch â Chronfa Skipton Fund neu MFET.

Mae'r ddogfen hon yn rhoi canllawiau i'r rhai a fydd yn cael y taliad ex-gratia newydd hwn ac yn esbonio'r dystiolaeth y bydd angen i chi ei dangos i gadarnhau'ch bod yn gymwys i'w gael.

CYMHWYSTER

Rwyf wedi colli fy mhartner/priod. A ydw i'n gymwys i gael y taliad o £10,000 a beth y mae angen i mi ei wneud i'w hawlio?

I hawlio'r taliad o £10,000, bydd angen i chi lenwi ffurflen gais fer (a gaiff ei hanfon atoch gan y sefydliad perthnasol) a dangos dystiolaeth o'r canlynol:

- | | |
|----|--|
| 1. | Cafodd yr ymadawedig (eich partner/priod) daliad gan un o'r pum cynllun gwaed halogedig presennol uchod neu roedd wedi cofrestru ag un ohonynt fel y prif fuddiolwr.

Bydd angen i chi ddangos bod eich partner/priod wedi cofrestru, cyn y bu farw, fel prif fuddiolwr un o'r pum cynllun gwaed halogedig presennol, a restrir uchod, neu fod ystâd y buddiolwr a heintwyd wedi gwneud cais llwyddiannus am gyfandaliad wedi iddo/iddi farw; byddai hynny hefyd yn dilysu ei statws fel cofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr at |
|----|--|

ddibenion y polisi hwn. Byddem yn disgwyl i'r pum cynllun fod â chofnod o'r wybodaeth hon, ond mae'n bosibl y bydd angen i chi ddangos dogfennau i brofi hynny.

Diben y cynllun yw cynorthwyo buddiolwyr a'u teuluoedd. Hynny yw, os nad yr ymadawedig oedd y cofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr, neu os *na chafodd* gyfandaliad gan unrhyw un o'r cynlluniau presennol, ni ellir derbyn ceisiadau gan ei briod/partner.

2. Chi oedd partner/priod y cofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr ac roeddech yn rhannu'r un cartref (cyd-fyw) pan fu farw.

At ddiben y polisi hwn, rydych yn cymhwyso fel 'partner neu briod' y cofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr os:

- a) oeddech chi wedi priodi'n gyfreithlon neu wedi'ch uno'n gyfreithlon ac yn ffurfiol (fel partneriaeth sifil) â'r cofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr pan fu farw, ac yn byw gyda'ch gilydd (cyd-fyw) bryd hynny; neu
- b) nad oeddech chi a'r cofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr wedi priodi nac wedi'ch uno'n gyfreithlon ac yn ffurfiol pan fu farw ond roeddech yn byw gyda'ch gilydd (cyd-fyw) fel cwpl mewn perthynas debyg i briodas neu uniad cyfreithlon ffurfiol.

Pan fyddwch yn gwneud cais am y taliad, bydd angen i chi lenwi ffurflen gais fer, a fydd yn cynnwys datganiad yn dweud mai chi oedd priod neu bartner yr ymadawedig.

Bydd hefyd angen i chi ddangos tystiolaeth eich bod yn cyd-fyw pan fu farw'ch priod/partner. Os ydych eisoes wedi cofrestru ag un o'r elusennau, mae'n bosibl y bydd ganddynt y wybodaeth eisoes i brofi hyn. Os nad yw'r wybodaeth hon ganddynt, neu os nad ydych wedi cofrestru ag unrhyw un o'r elusennau hyn eto, bydd angen i chi ddangos dogfennau i ddangos eich bod yn cyd-fyw ar y pryd, os yw'n bosibl, er enghraifft: bil y dreth cyngor at y ddau ohonoch; datganiadau banc neu filiau cyfleustodau ar wahân i'r ddau ohonoch, wedi'u hanfon i'r un cyfeiriad ac ar gyfer yr un cyfnod; copi o les neu ddogfen morgais yn eich enwau chi etc. Dylai'r dyddiad a nodir ar y dogfennau hyn fod o fewn tri mis cyn bu farw eich partner/priod.

Os na allwch ddarparu'r dogfennau angenrheidiol, gallwch lenwi ffurflen fer yn datgan hyn a bydd angen i rywun a all dystio i'ch enw da gydlofnodi'r ffurflen. Anfonir y ffurflen hon atoch gyda'r ffurflen gais.

Dim ond os ydych yn bodloni naill ai a) neu b) uchod y byddwch chi'n gallu hawlio'r taliad o £10,000. Mae hyn yn dangos ein bwriad i'ch cynorthwyo chi, fel partner neu briod y cofrestrai/y prif fuddiolwr, gan gydnabod eich perthynas â'ch gilydd pan fu farw. Os oeddech yn gynbartner/cyn-briod pan fu farw, neu'n perthyn mewn ffordd arall, e.e. rhiant, plentyn, ni fyddwch yn gallu hawlio'r taliad. Fodd bynnag, mae plant dibynnol o dan ddeunaw oed, neu o dan 21 oed os ydych yn dal mewn addysg amser llawn, yn parhau i fedru manteisio ar y cynllun taliadau'n ôl disgrisiwn.

3. Roedd y cofrestrai/y prif fuddiolwr yn bodloni'r meini prawf cymhwyso o dan y cynllun yng Nghymru.

I fedru hawlio'r taliad o £10,000, sylwch fod yn rhaid i'r ymadawedig fod wedi bodloni'r meini prawf cymhwyso o dan y cynllun yng Nghymru. Hynny yw, ni waeth lle'r oedd y cofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr yn byw, ac ni waeth lle rydych ch'n byw'n awr, *rhaid* i'r ymadawedig fod wedi'i heintio yng Nghymru drwy gynhyrchion gwaed halogedig a gyflenwyd gan y GIG (neu raid i'r ganolfan hemoffilia a gofrestrodd yr ymadawedig â'r cynllun fod wedi'i lleoli yng Nghymru). Os *nad* oedd yr ymadawedig yn gymwys i gael taliadau o dan gynllun Cymru, ni fyddwch ch'n gallu hawlio'r taliad o £10,000. Os oes unrhyw amheuaeth, cysylltwch â'r sefydliad perthnasol i ofyn am gyngor.

4. Roedd y ffaith bod y cofrestrai/y prif fuddiolwr wedi'i heintio ag HIV a/neu Hepatitis C, neu wedi cael triniaeth ar gyfer yr haint, wedi cyfrannu at ei f/marwolaeth.

Bydd angen i chi ddangos bod y ffaith bod eich partner/priod wedi'i heintio ag HIV a/neu Hepatitis C, neu wedi cael triniaeth ar gyfer yr haint, wedi cyfrannu at ei f/marwolaeth (cysylltiad achosol). Y dystiolaeth amlycaf fydd y dystysgrif geni a bydd angen i chi gyflwyno copi ohoni wrth wneud cais am y taliad. Derbynnir cysylltiad achosol os yw'r dystysgrif geni'n sôn yn benodol am y canlynol:

- AIDS neu glefyd cysylltiedig ag AIDS (dilynwch y ddolen i weld rhestr o'r clefydau cydnabyddedig):
http://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_dictionary/attributes/a/age/aids_defining_illness_type_de.asp?shownav=1
- HIV, a/neu haint Hepatitis C, a/neu Hepatitis heb fod yn A na'n B (gan gynnwys unrhyw gymhlethdodau cysylltiedig),
- cymhlethdodau'n dilyn trawsblaniad iau,
- cancer sylfaenol yr iau,
- sirosis,
- lymffoma cell B nad yw'n Hodgkin's,
- canlyniadau triniaeth ar gyfer HIV a/neu Hepatitis C, e.e. trawsblaniad iau.

Os *nad* yw'r dystysgrif geni yn dangos cysylltiad achosol amlwg, ac rydym yn deall bod nifer o resymau posibl dros hynny, bydd angen i chi gyflwyno llythyr gan ymarferydd neu arbenigwr meddygol cofrestredig yn cadarnhau'r farn bod y ffaith bod eich partner/priod wedi'i heintio â HIV neu Hepatitis C wedi cyfrannu at ei f/marwolaeth. Gall ymarferydd meddygol cofrestredig gynnwys meddyg teulu, hepatolegydd, neu weithiwr meddygol proffesiynol a fu'n gofalu am eich partner/priod (os yw hynny'n bosibl).

Neu, byddai hefyd yn dderbyniol darparu detholiad perthnasol o gofnodion meddygol eich partner/priod cyhyd ag y bo'n dangos cysylltiad achosol, fel y nodir uchod.

Y CAMAU NESAF

Gweinyddwyr y cynllun gwaed presennol fydd yn trin holl daliadau 2016-17 a byddant yn esbonio pa dystiolaeth y bydd angen i chi ei dangos.

A chofiwch hefyd...

Os ydych eisoed wedi cofrestru ag unrhyw un o'r elusennau, darllenwch y polisi er gwybodaeth, ond nid oes angen i chi wneud dim. Bydd yr elusen yn cysylltu â chi'n awtomatig i sôn am y taliad hwn. Arhoswch nes y bydd yr elusen yn cysylltu â chi, a byddant yn esbonio popeth.

Os nad ydych wedi cofrestru ag unrhyw un o'r elusennau eisoed:

Os oedd eich partner/priod yn gofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr a oedd wedi'i heintio â HIV yn unig, p'un a oedd wedi'i heintio â HIV yn dilyn triniaeth ar gyfer hemoffilia, neu'n dilyn trallwysiad gwaed, triniaeth i drawsblannu meinwe neu driniaeth yn cynnwys cynnyrch gwaed (naill ai'n uniongyrchol neu fel person mewn perthynas bersonol â'r person a heintwyd), cysylltwch ag MFET (ffôn: 020 7233 0057).

Os oedd eich partner/priod yn gofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr a oedd wedi'i heintio â Hepatitis C, neu wedi'i heintio â Hepatitis C a HIV ar y cyd (naill ai'n uniongychol neu fel person mewn perthynas bersonol â'r person a heintiwyd), cysylltwch â Chronfa Skipton (ffôn: 020 7233 0057).

A chofiwch hefyd....

- **Os bu farw'ch partner/priod cyn 31 Medi 2016**, cysylltwch cyn gynted â phosibl i wneud cais dilys am y taliad cyn 1 Mawrth 2017. Sylwch mai dim ond o dan amgylchiadau eithriadol y caiff ceisiadau eu hystyried ar ôl y dyddiad hwn.
- **Os bu farw'ch partner/priod ar ôl 31 Medi 2016**, bydd disgwyl i chi wneud cais am y taliad cyn pen chwe mis ar ôl colli'ch partner / priod. Mae'n debyg y bydd y cynlluniau presennol yn gwybod amdanoch eisoes ac, os felly, ni fydd angen i chi wneud dim. Fodd bynnag, os nad ydych yn siŵr, cysylltwch â'r sefydliad perthnasol.

Rhaid i bawb sy'n gwneud cais lenwi ffurflen gais (a gaiff ei hanfon atoch gan y sefydliad perthnasol), a gwybodaeth ategol fel tystysgrif marwolaeth, llythyr gan ymarferydd meddygol neu ddetholiad o gofnodion meddygol a thystiolaeth eich bod wedi cyd-fyw â'r ymadawedig (fel y bo'n berthnasol).

Gwybodaeth bersonol

Weithiau, mae'n bosibl y bydd y sefydliad yn gofyn am esboniad neu wybodaeth gan Lywodraeth Cymru mewn perthynas â'r polisi hwn. Fodd bynnag, ymholiadau am faterion yn ymwneud â gweinyddu'r polisi taliadau'n unig fydd y rhain. Mae Llywodraeth Cymru a'r pum cynllun taliadau gwaed wedi'u rhwymo gan yr holl safonau cenedlaethol yn ymwneud â diogelu a rheoli data a chyfrinachedd, a rhaid iddynt lynu wrthynt. Oherwydd hyn, ni chaiff unrhyw ddata a all alluogi rhywun i adnabod claf (e.e. enw, cyfeiriad neu fanylion personol eraill) eu rhannu â Llywodraeth Cymru mewn perthynas â'r taliadau hyn.

SUT Y BYDDAF YN CAEL FY NHALIAD?

Bydd y sefydliad perthnasol yn anfon y ffurflen gais atoch ac yn esbonio'r camau nesaf. Yna, bydd y cynllun perthnasol yn dilysu'ch cais a'ch tystiolaeth yn ôl y meini prawf uchod i benderfynu a ydych yn gymwys i dderbyn y taliad. Os ydych yn gymwys, cewch eich taliad naill ai gan:

- Gronfa Skipton os cafodd y cofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr ei heintio â hepatitis C neu hepatitis C/HIV; neu
- MFET os cafodd y cofrestrai/prif fuddiolwr ei heintio â HIV yn unig.

Yn 2017-18, bydd gweinyddwr y cynllun newydd yn gyfrifol am roi'r polisi hwn ar waith. Mae'r broses o benodi gweinyddwr newydd yn mynd rhagddi a chaiff rhagor o fanylion eu cyhoeddi yn 2017.